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HEIs stands for Higher Education Institutions

Sampah Laut dalam Ekonomi Biru Sirkular

5. Peran Industri Ekonomi Biru dalam Menghasilkan Pencemaran Plastik

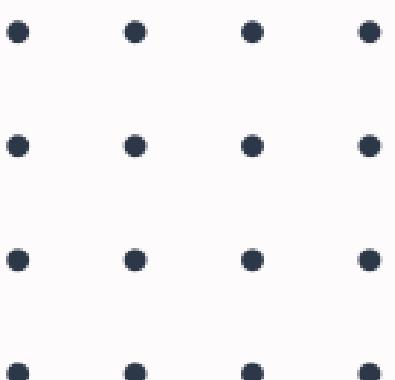
(Tutorial, Diskusi, atau Kunjungan Lapangan)



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MITRA PROYEK

Malaysia



Greece



Indonesia



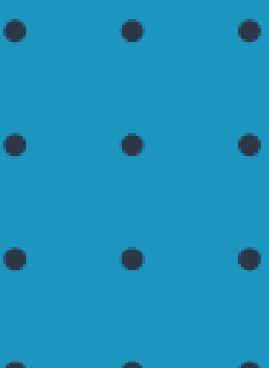
Cyprus



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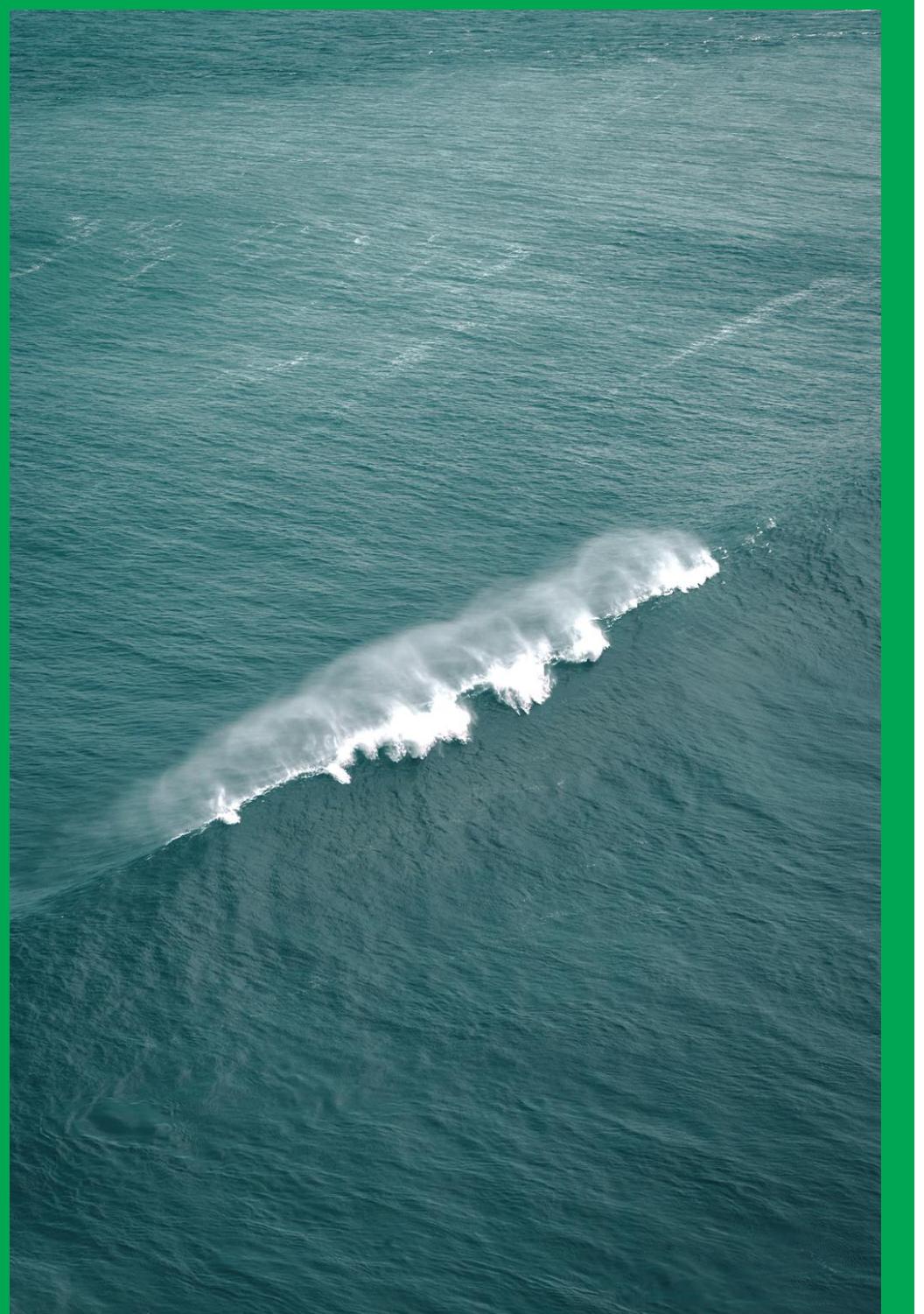




Pendahuluan

Tutorial ini membahas strategi praktis untuk mengurangi timbulan sampah dan meningkatkan tingkat daur ulang, termasuk sistem pemilahan limbah, inovasi teknologi, edukasi publik, serta pengembangan infrastruktur.

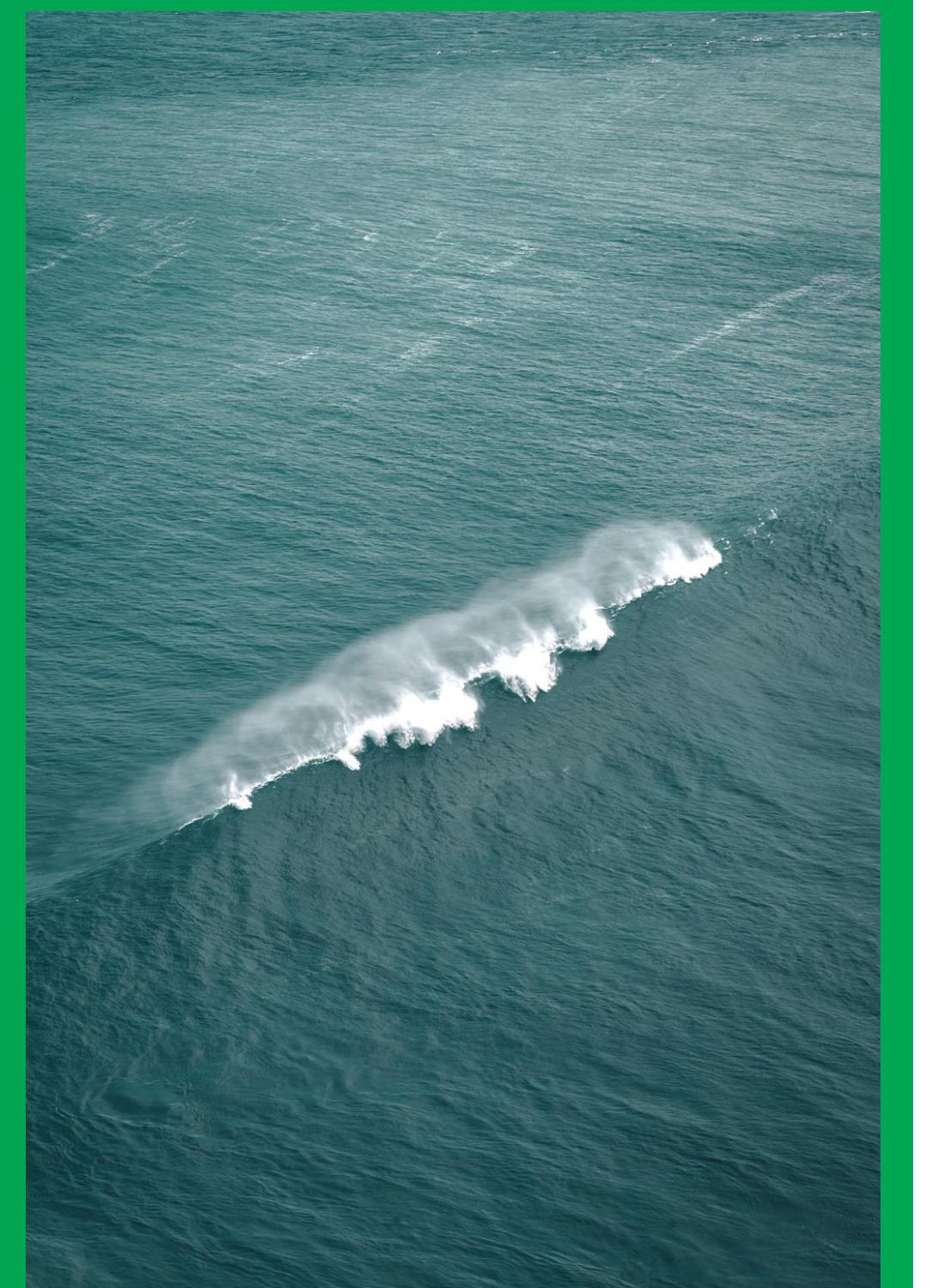
Dalam sesi diskusi, peserta akan menyusun dan mempresentasikan rencana aksi atau proposal yang terarah untuk inisiatif ekonomi sirkular, dengan fokus pada sektor atau wilayah geografis tertentu.





Capaian Pembelajaran

- Mengidentifikasi dan mengevaluasi strategi pengurangan limbah.
- Merancang proyek ekonomi sirkular untuk penerapan di dunia nyata.
- Meningkatkan keterampilan komunikasi dan kolaborasi.





1. Poin-Poin Pembelajaran

Diskusi antara mahasiswa dan dosen (atau refleksi mandiri) mengenai jenis-jenis sampah laut yang umum ditemukan serta usulan solusi realistik untuk pengurangan dan daur ulang.

Contoh poin diskusi:

- Hierarki pengelolaan sampah: Reduce, Reuse, Recycle
- Jenis material yang dapat didaur ulang (plastik, logam, kaca, limbah organik)
- Sistem daur ulang berbasis komunitas
- Inovasi teknologi dalam daur ulang (misalnya pemilahan berbasis AI, bio-recycling)
- Teknologi pencegahan sampah laut (misalnya river booms, floating barriers)
- Peran pemerintah dan industri dalam pengelolaan limbah
- Strategi perubahan perilaku dan edukasi publik

(10 – 15 menit)



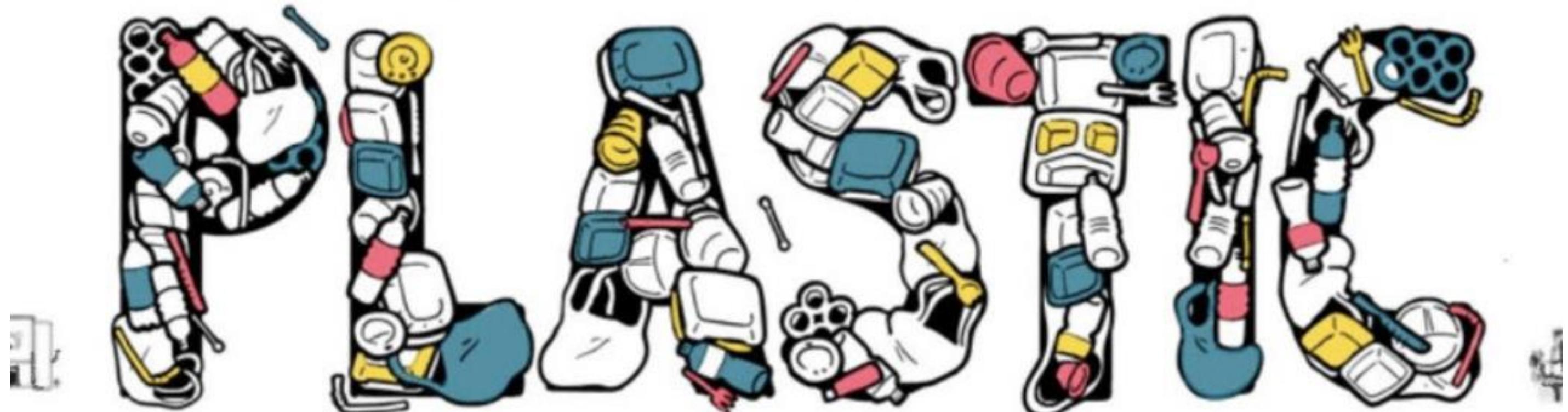


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2. Video

THE STORY OF



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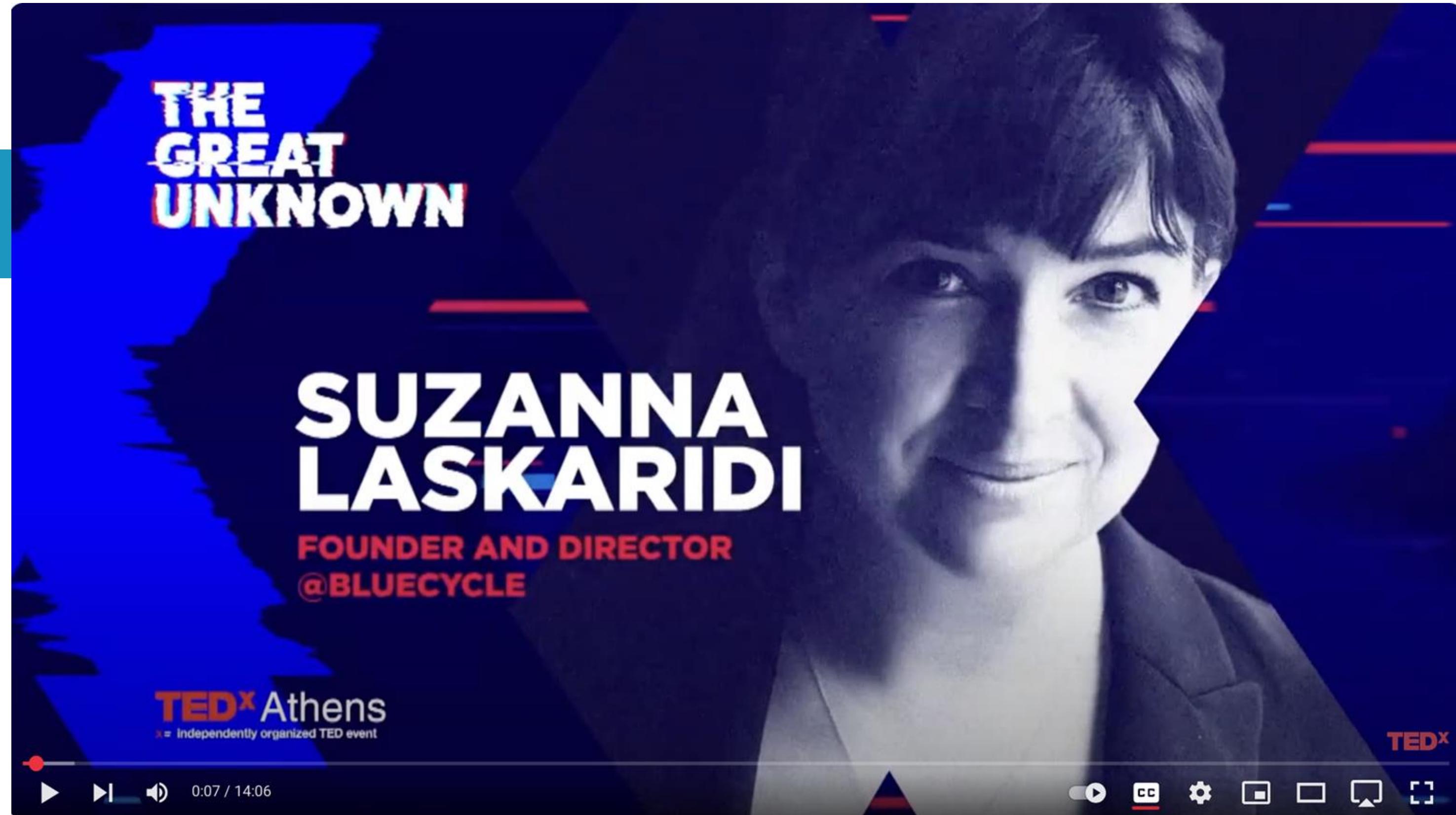
Sumber/Kredit:

Narasi oleh Tiza Mafira; animasi oleh Ruben DeLuna; ditulis dan diproduksi oleh Brett Chamberlin, Michael O'Heaney, dan Ruben DeLuna; berdasarkan dokumenter The Story of Plastic yang disutradarai dan diproduksi oleh Deia Schlosberg.



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2. Video



Video ini akan membahas permasalahan alat tangkap ikan yang hilang secara global maupun di Yunani, bagaimana hal tersebut dapat diatasi melalui peningkatan daur ulang, serta mengapa ekonomi sirkular menjadi pendekatan ekonomi yang paling tepat untuk masa depan.



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3. Contoh



SustainaBlue – Kegiatan Pelatihan Transnasional di Athena, Yunani, 2025.
Kunjungan studi ke Blue Cycle.



BLUE CYCLE
BEYOND MARINE PLASTIC WASTE

[ABOUT](#)
[→ BLUECYCLE LAB](#)
[THE MATERIAL](#)
[THE PRODUCTS](#)
[E-SHOP](#)
[ACTIVITIES](#)
[COLLABORATIONS](#)
[NEWS](#)
[CONTACT](#)

#bluecyclelab
#madebybluecycle

BLUECYCLE LAB
A model lab, fully equipped to process marine plastic waste, to promote

Foto diambil oleh Jennie Lee selama kunjungan.



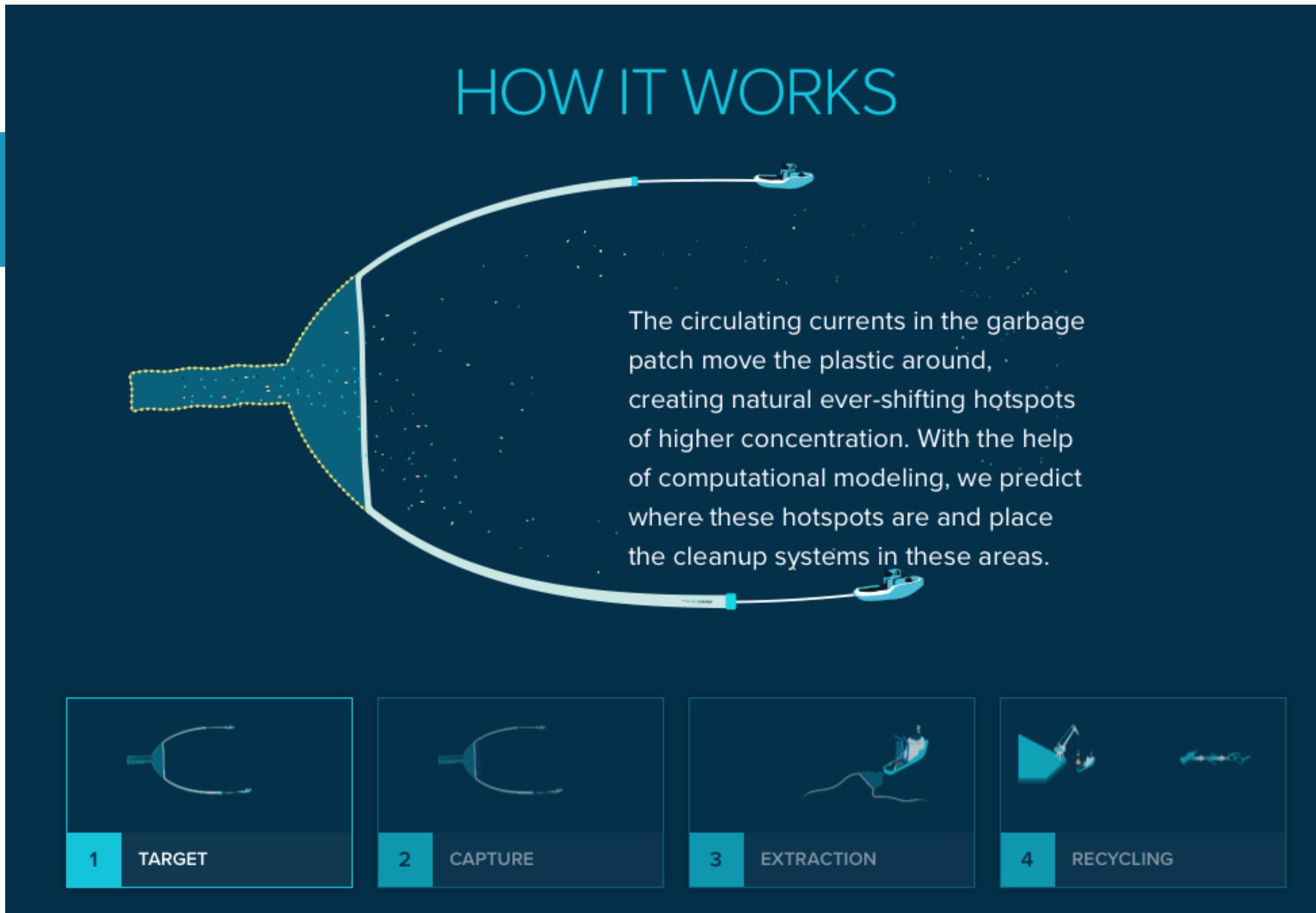
3. Contoh

Pembersihan Laut

<https://theoceancleanup.com>

Proses

1. Target
2. Penangkapan
3. Ekstraksi
4. Daur Ulang





3. Contoh

Pembersihan Laut

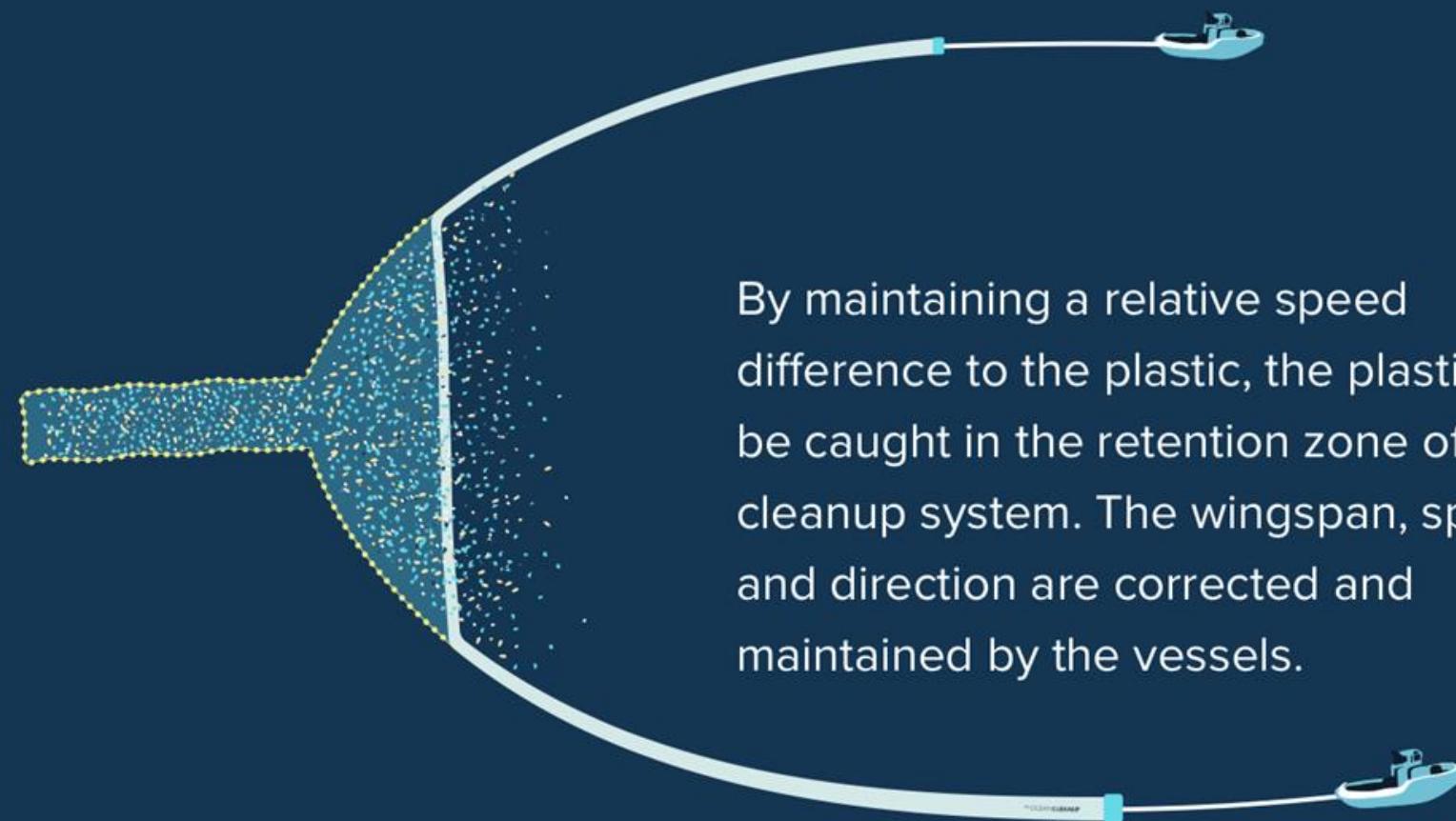
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Proses

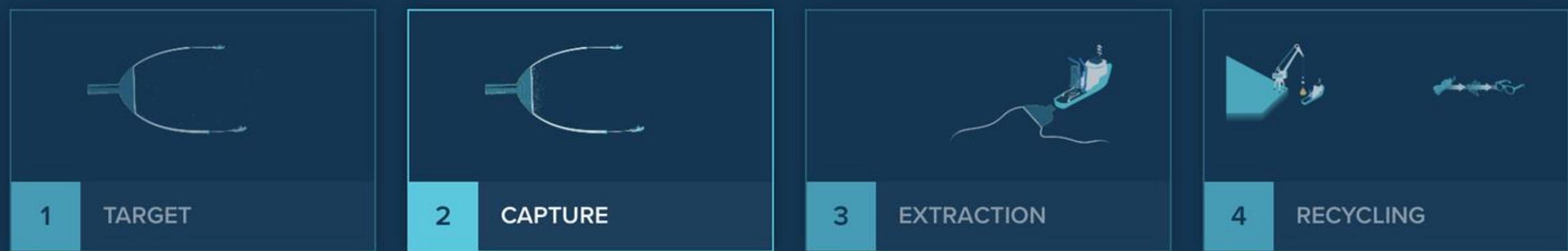
1. Target
2. Penangkapan
3. Ekstraksi
4. Daur Ulang



HOW IT WORKS



By maintaining a relative speed difference to the plastic, the plastic can be caught in the retention zone of the cleanup system. The wingspan, speed and direction are corrected and maintained by the vessels.





3. Contoh

Pembersihan Laut

<https://theoceancleanup.com>

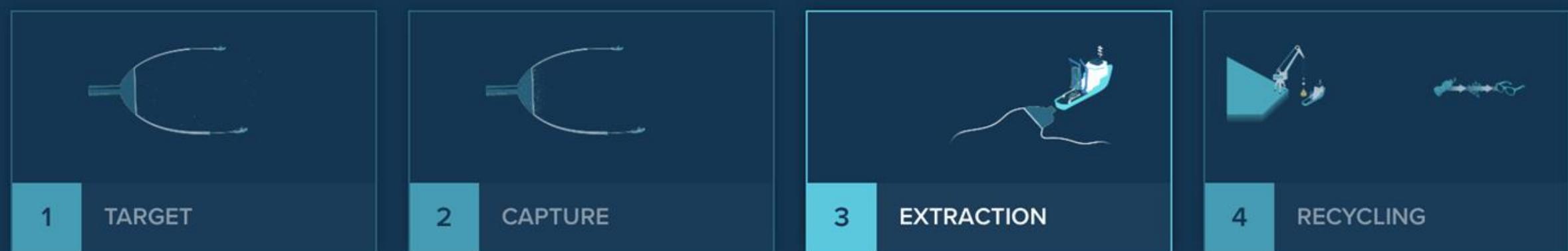
Proses

1. Target
2. Penanakapan
3. Ekstraksi
4. Daur Ulang



HOW IT WORKS

Once the system is full, the back of the retention zone is taken aboard, sealed off, detached from the system, and emptied on board the vessel. The retention zone is then put back in place and the cleanup continues.





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3. Contoh

Pembersihan Laut

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Proses

1. Target
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4. Daur Ulang



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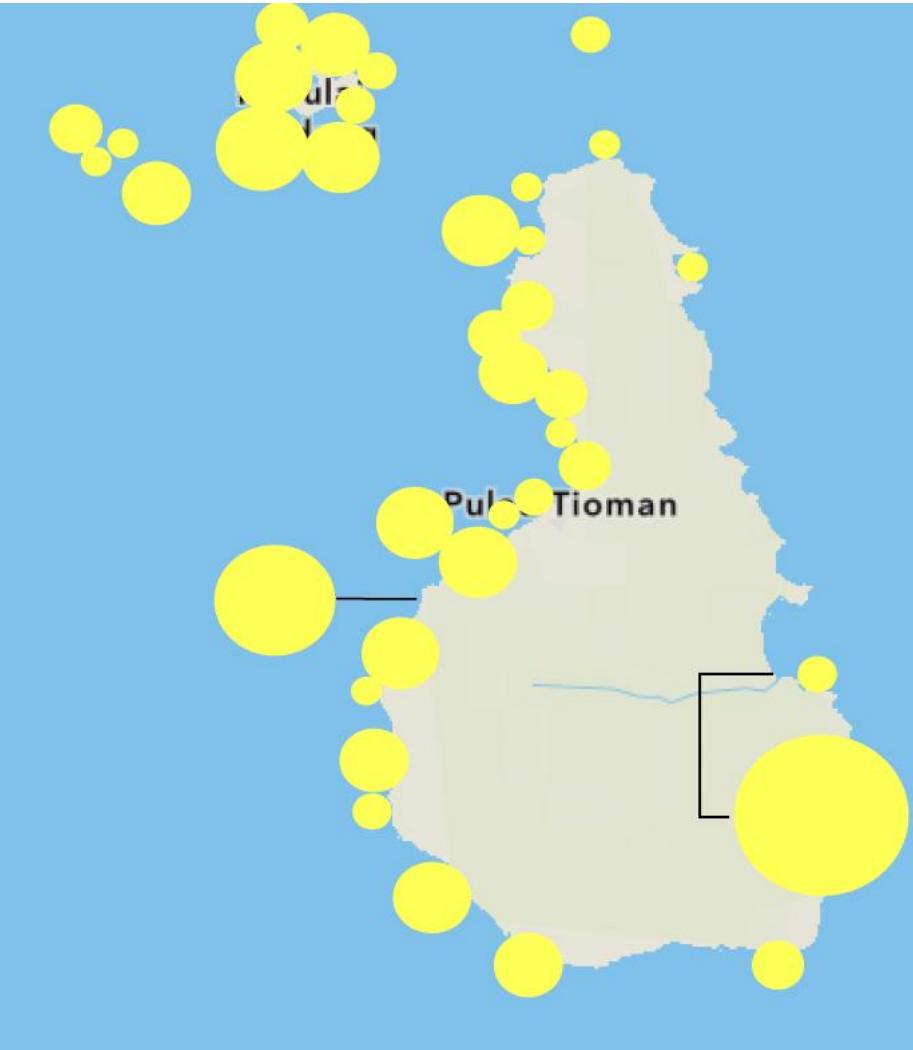
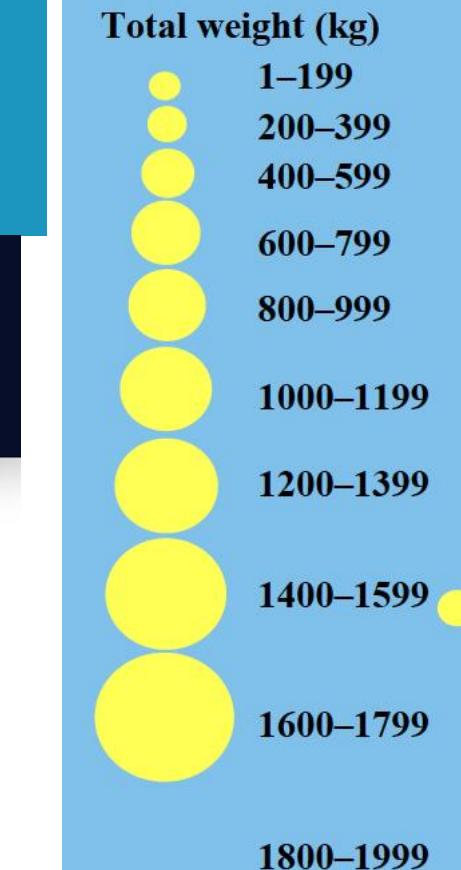
HOW IT WORKS



<https://theoceancleanup.com/oceans/>



Studi Kasus Reef Check



Weight (kg) of ghost nets retrieved within the period of 2016 and 2022 around Tioman Island.

Chelliah et al. (2024)

Tackling Ghost Nets



Ghost nets contribute to ocean pollution by causing extensive social, economic and environmental impacts. They trap and entangle marine life, besides smothering and damaging important ecosystems such as coral reefs and seagrass beds.

Reef Check Malaysia's teams on the islands have been receiving reports of ghost nets, and have been working hard to remove them from the marine environment before they cause extensive damage. In just the first quarter of 2024, our local group on Redang Island, the Redang Marine Conservation Group (RMCG), successfully removed approximately 140 kg of ghost nets, all found near the village jetty! The nets collected

Ghost nets removed by RMCG

were given to the local youth of the island, who planned to recycle them into football goalpost nets.

<https://www.reefcheck.org/coral-bleaching-and-ghost-nets-mark-start-of-malaysia-survey-season/>





Kegiatan Kelompok

Dalam kelompok:

- Kategorikan jenis sampah
- Identifikasi item yang dapat dikurangi, digunakan kembali, atau didaur ulang
- Usulkan solusi realistik (misalnya alat tangkap ikan yang dapat digunakan kembali)

The image shows the cover of a guide titled "NOAA Marine Debris Monitoring and Assessment Project Shoreline Survey Guide". The cover features a photograph of a shoreline with green vegetation and a blue sky. The NOAA logo is prominently displayed in the bottom right corner of the cover.





4.

Materi bacaan dapat diunduh di tautan berikut:
<https://marinedebris.noaa.gov/our-work/monitoring/marine-debris-monitoring-and-assessment-project>

MDMAP *at a glance*

Choose a site

Select a 100-meter shoreline survey site

Select transects

Randomly select four 5 meter transects

Record conditions

Record site condition information

Survey for debris

Within each transect search for and document items 2.5 centimeters or larger

Enter data

Enter data online in the MDMAP database

Repeat!

Repeat, aiming for monthly surveys at each site



Photo: NOAA





Presentasi dan Diskusi Kelompok

Opsi 1 (jika kunjungan lapangan tersedia bagi mahasiswa)

Lembar Kerja:

- Identifikasi jenis-jenis sampah dari laporan pembersihan pesisir
- Usulkan solusi pengurangan dan daur ulang untuk setiap jenis sampah





Presentasi dan Diskusi Kelompok

Opsi 2 (jika kunjungan lapangan tidak memungkinkan bagi mahasiswa)

Lembar Kerja:

1. Bagi mahasiswa ke dalam kelompok kecil (4–5 orang)
2. Setiap kelompok memilih satu sektor (misalnya pariwisata) atau wilayah (misalnya pesisir Malaysia/Indonesia)
3. Menyusun proposal atau peta jalan untuk solusi ekonomi sirkular (contoh: program kemasan dapat digunakan kembali untuk resort pantai)
4. Mempresentasikan proposal kepada kelas untuk mendapatkan umpan balik dari rekan sejawat
5. Melakukan refleksi mengenai kelayakan dan tantangan implementasi



Bacaan Tambahan

Bazienė, K., Gargasas, J., Rajendran, S., & Solomon, J. (2024). Towards circular economy through novel waste recycling technologies. *Entrepreneurship and Sustainability Issues*, 12(2), 460–472. <https://doi.org/10.9770/m5297249738>

Kamyshnikov, I. N., Smirnova, T. S., & Tikhonov, A. I. (2021). Sustainable Development: Waste Recycling and Circular Economy (pp. 101–108). Springer, Cham. https://doi.org/10.1007/978-3-030-73110-6_11

Mélon, L. (2019). A Critical Assessment of the EU Circular Economy Action Plan in the Light of the Access to Finance for Circular Economy Projects. Social Science Research Network. <https://doi.org/10.2139/SSRN.3716255>

Waste and Circular Economy (pp. 1–18). (2022). The Royal Society of Chemistry eBooks. <https://doi.org/10.1039/9781839164682-00001>

Wu, Z., Wang, L., Ye, Q., & Feng, W. (2022). The Recycling of Construction and Demolition Waste from a Circular Economy Perspective. <https://doi.org/10.1061/9780784484562.025>



Daftar Pustaka

Burgess, H.K., Herring C.E., Lippiatt S., Lowe S., & Uhrin A.V. (2021). NOAA Marine Debris Monitoring and Assessment Project Shoreline Survey Guide. NOAA Technical Memorandum NOS OR&R 56. 20 pp. DOI 10.25923/g720-2n18

Chelliah, A.J., Chen, S.Y., Shahir, Y. & Dolorosa, R.G. (2024). Incidence of ghost nets in the Tioman Island Marine Park of Malaysia. The Palawan Scientist, 16(1): 28-37.

<https://doi.org/10.69721/TPS.J.2024.16.1.04>





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