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HEIs stands for Higher Education Institutions

Mendefinisikan Ekonomi Biru dan Sektor-sektor Utamanya

Modul 1: Asas Ekonomi Biru
Tempoh : 1Jam

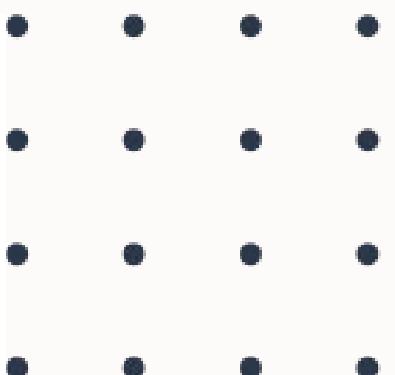


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Dibiayai oleh Kesatuan Eropah. Pandangan dan pendapat yang dinyatakan adalah milik pengarang sahaja dan tidak semestinya mencerminkan pandangan Kesatuan Eropah atau Agensi Eksekutif Pendidikan dan Kebudayaan Eropah (EACEA). Baik Kesatuan Eropah mahupun EACEA tidak boleh dipertanggungjawabkan atasnya. Projek: 101129136 — SustainaBlue — ERASMUS-EDU-2023-CBHE



UNIVERSITI SAINS MALAYSIA



RAKAN PROJEK

Malaysia



Indonesia



Greece



Cyprus



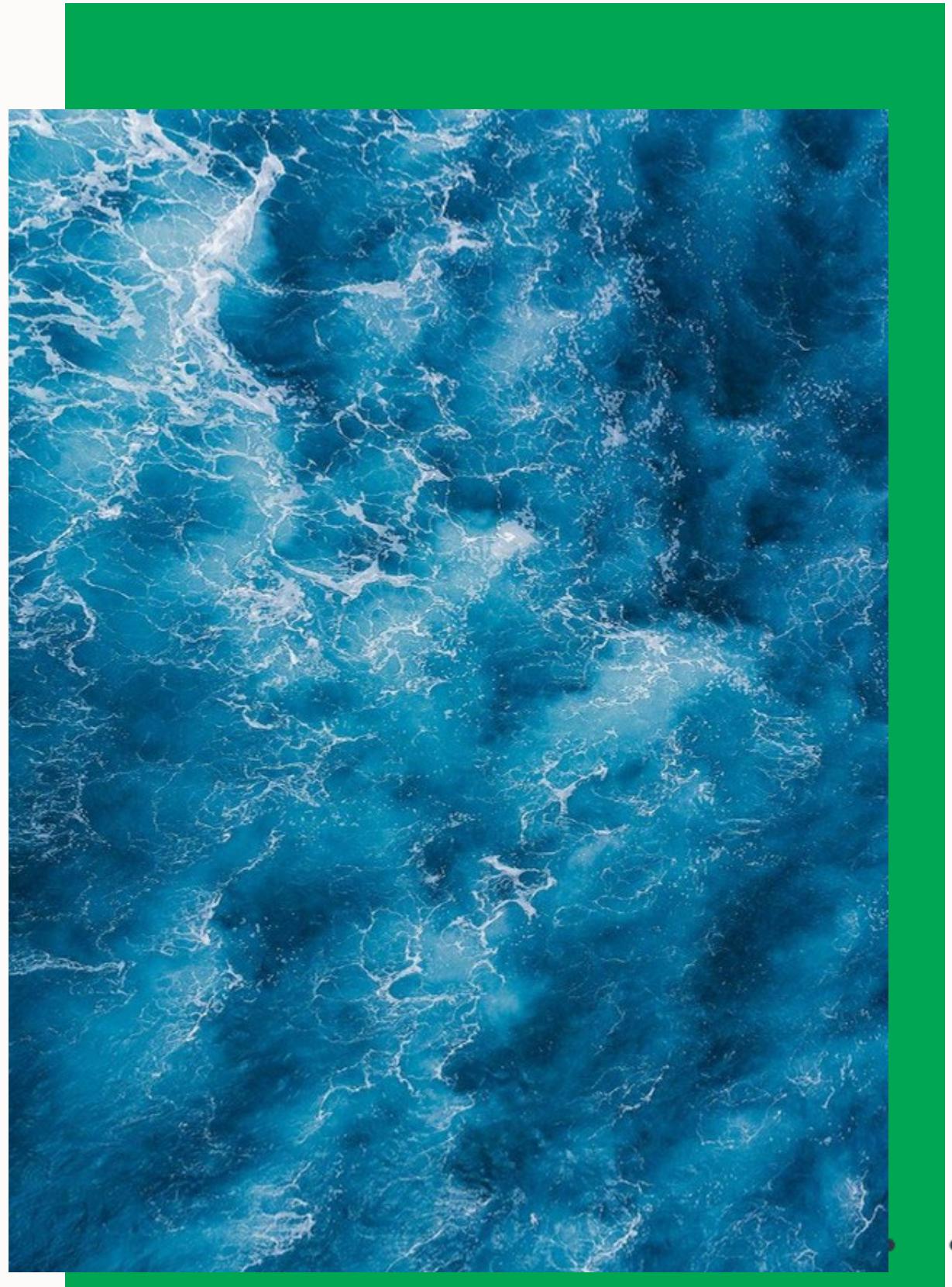
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- 03 Gambaran Keseluruhan Global Ekonomi Biru
- 04 Dorongan Strategik Malaysia untuk Ekonomi Biru
- 05 Sektor Utama dalam Ekonomi Biru
- 06 Peluang VS Cabaran
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Pengenalan

Apakah Ekonomi Biru?

Penggunaan sumber laut dan pantai secara mampan untuk keuntungan ekonomi

Mengekalkan kesihatan ekosistem marin

Objektif Modul:

Memperkenalkan konsep ekonomi biru

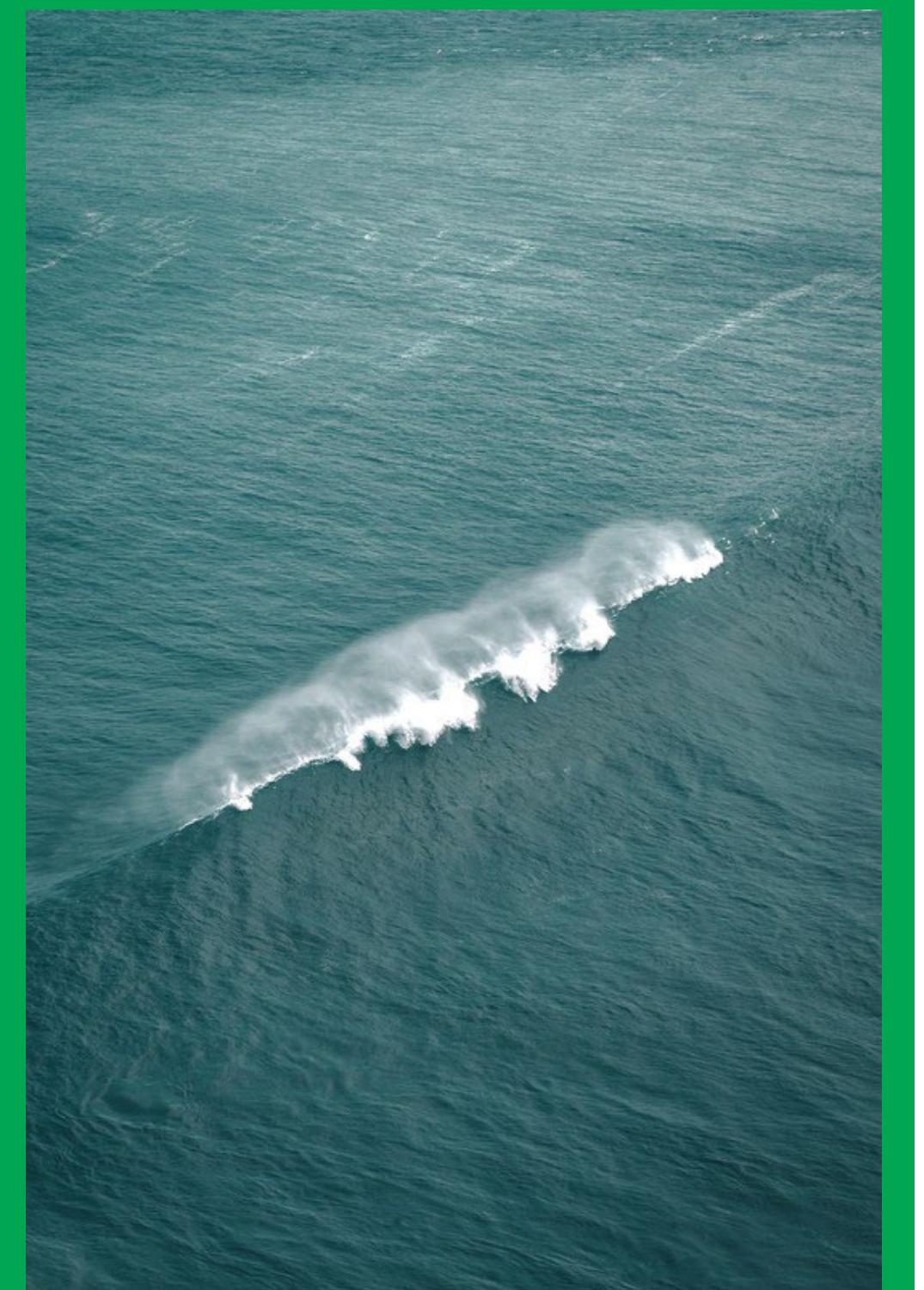
Jejaki definisi dan skopnya

Serlahkan sektor utama berdasarkan lautan

Jelaskan kepentingan kemampanan dalam setiap sektor

Idea Utama:

Mengaitkan pembangunan ekonomi dengan pemuliharaan lautan



DEFINISI EKONOMI BIRU

- Ekonomi Biru boleh ditakrifkan sebagai "ekonomi lautan yang mampan yang muncul apabila aktiviti ekonomi berada dalam keseimbangan dengan keupayaan ekosistem lautan untuk menyokong aktiviti ini dan kekal berdaya tahan dan sihat." (UNESCO, 2020. Ekonomi Biru Mampan)
- Penggunaan sumber lautan yang mampan untuk pertumbuhan ekonomi, peningkatan mata pencarian, dan pekerjaan sambil memelihara kesihatan ekosistem lautan.(Bank Dunia)
- Konsep yang sedang muncul yang menggalakkan pengurusan yang lebih baik terhadap sumber lautan atau sumber "biru" kita. (Komanwel Negara)



Gambaran Keseluruhan Global Ekonomi Biru

Nilai anggaran Ekonomi Biru global dianggarkan sekitar USD 24 trillion.



Lautan adalah sumber pendapatan utama (3-5% daripada KDNK Global)



Pekerjaan berdasarkan lautan dijangka meningkat 120% antara tahun 2010 dan 2030

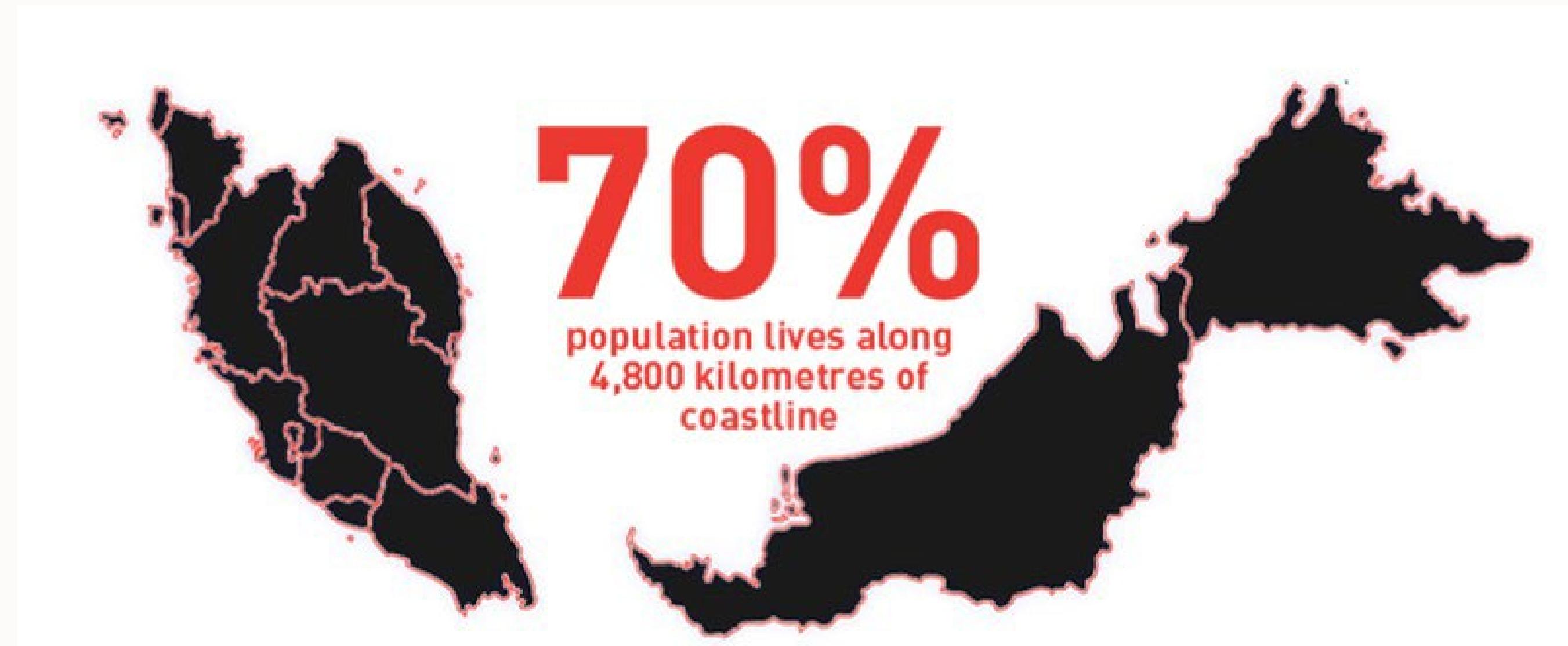


Perikanan dan akuakultur menyediakan mata pencarian untuk 10-12% daripada populasi global.



90% haba berlebihan telah disimpan di dalam lautan



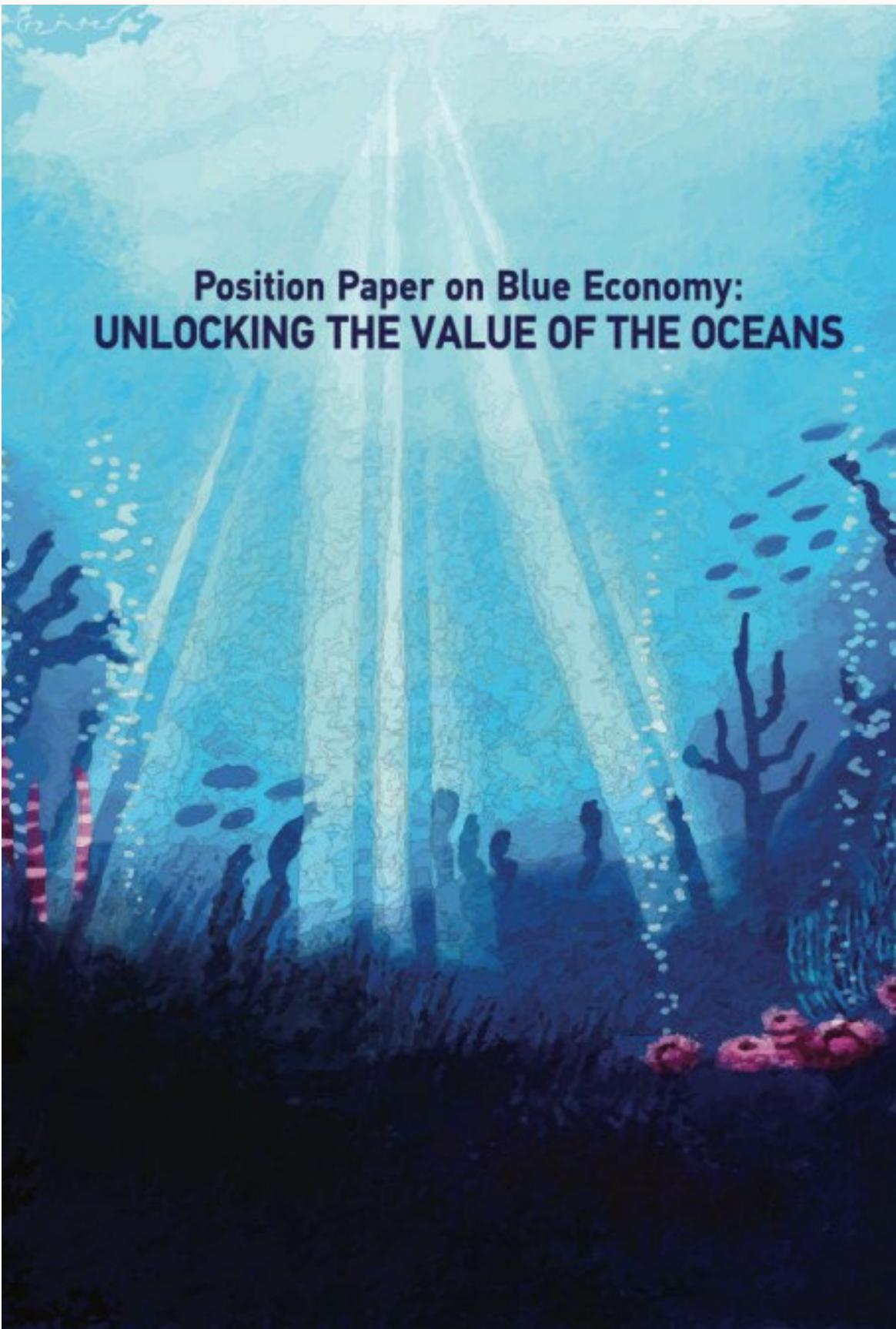


Malaysia mempunyai kawasan pantai dan marin yang luas seluas 614,159 kilometer persegi, hampir dua kali ganda daripada keluasan daratnya, dan saiz Zon Ekonomi Eksklusif (ZEE) sahaja ialah 453,186 kilometer persegi. Sebagai negara yang kaya dengan sumber semula jadi, Malaysia mempunyai potensi besar untuk memanfaatkan kelebihan Ekonomi Biru ini untuk nilai dan prospek ekonominya.

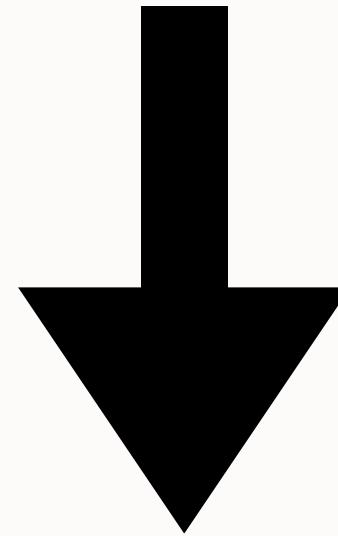
Sumber: ASM Position Paper



Membentuk Landskap Ekonomi Biru Malaysia



Pada tahun 2021, Akademi Sains Malaysia (ASM) bekerjasama dengan pihak berkepentingan untuk menghasilkan kertas kedudukan 'Ekonomi Biru: Membuka Nilai Laut.' Kertas kerja ini bertujuan untuk membangunkan ekonomi yang mampan, menguntungkan, inklusif, dan bersedia untuk masa depan bagi industri marin dan maritim Malaysia.



Pelan tindakan ekonomi biru digariskan dalam Rancangan Malaysia ke-12, bertujuan untuk mempromosikan pembangunan mampan di kawasan pesisir dan maritim.

Sumber: ASM Position Paper





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Tapping the Blue Economy next

Published on: Thursday, November 30, 2023
By: Larry Ralon

Text Size: + - Dark Mode: Off



Hajiji arriving for the State Assembly sitting yesterday.

Malaysia telah melancarkan Portal Ekonomi Biru dan Pusat untuk menerajui Inisiatif Ekonomi Birunya, menekankan perkongsian awam-swasta dan komuniti untuk membuka nilai yang lebih besar daripada sumber laut dan marin negara.



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Sabah kicks off Blue Economy initiative with launch of Sibec 2024 portal



By DURIE RAINER FONG

SABAH & SARAWAK

Wednesday, 06 Mar 2024 7:51 PM MYT



Hajiji (middle) doing the launching gimmick of Sibec 2024 portal

KOTA KINABALU: Countdown to the Sabah International Blue Economy Conference (Sibec) 2024 begins with the launch of its official portal.



BUSINESS
Blue Economy founder and envoys for event

dailyexpressmalaysia • Follow ...
dailyexpressmalaysia KOTA KINABALU: Blue Economy founder, Professor Dr Gunter Pauli, will attend the Sabah International Blue Economy Conference (Sibec) 2024 which will take place from Oct 19-20.

Sabah Maju Jaya (SMJ) Secretariat Chief Coordinating Officer Datuk Rosnadi Datu Sulai said Dr Gunter, also known as the Blue Economy Guru, will share knowledge related to the concept and implementation of this economy.

*For your information, the Blue Economy Guru, Dr Gunter, will be present at the conference. He will share several ideas and guidelines in implementing the Blue Economy as a guide for our industry players.

Like by sibec2024 and others
October 14
Log in to like or comment.

ASM 14th General Assembly



Blue Economy: Unlocking the Value of Our Oceans

Oceans and seas cover approximately 71% of the earth's surface. They represent a new economic perspective – the Blue Economy, that is largely driven by a growing demand for new and sustainable sources of food, jobs and economic opportunities from marine and oceans resources

Malaysia being a maritime nation with 4,675 km of coastline and over 870 islands, sustainable development of the ocean and marine resources will have a significant positive spill over impact on the socio-economic drivers of the country, as identified in the 12th Malaysia Plan and 10-10 MySTIE

Framework. A vibrant Blue Economy ecosystem is predicted to potentially increase the contribution of marine and ocean resources from 21.3% of the GDP, to 31.5% of the GDP, which is close to RM 1.4 trillion contribution to the Malaysian economy, from 2020 to 2030.

To fully realise the potential of the Blue Economy in Malaysia, public-private as well as community partnerships are critical to facilitate the development of collaborative and co-creative platforms to generate better return on value (ROV) from the ocean and marine resources of the country.



29 August 2022 | 10AM-12PM [Online]



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DORONGAN STRATEGIK MALAYSIA UNTUK EKONOMI BIRU

MPFN Agrees To Develop Malaysian Marine Spatial Planning

- PM

© 23/10/2024 11:12 PM



KUALA LUMPUR, Oct 23 (Bernama) -- The government has decided to develop a Malaysian marine spatial planning to drive the Blue Economy and enhance national marine governance.

Prime Minister Datuk Seri Anwar Ibrahim, who chaired the 46th meeting of the National Physical Planning Council (MPFN), said the initiative would increase the potential of the country's marine resources.

"The government is confident that creating this clear policy will optimise the potential of our marine resources as an economic asset for the nation while boosting investor confidence in Malaysia's investment prospects," he said in a post on Facebook today.

Anwar said the meeting also agreed to further strengthen the development of disabled-friendly infrastructure in every building and public space, in line with the MADANI principles that emphasise inclusivity to ensure no group is left behind in the nation's development.

He said the meeting served as an important platform for discussions between the federal and state governments to review issues related to urban, rural and land-use planning for the common good.

-- BERNAMA

Sokongan Kerajaan

Sokongan peringkat tinggi dan komitmen untuk mengintegrasikan Ekonomi Biru ke dalam agenda ekonomi Malaysia yang lebih luas.



Pertumbuhan Ekonomi

Memastikan manfaat ekonomi sambil melindungi alam sekitar



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Pengurusan Sumber

Pengurusan sumber lautan yang mampan

01

LAUT

- Geografi
- Laut utama
- Ciri-ciri oseanografi

02

RAKYAT

- Demografi
- Ciri-ciri sosial dan budaya
 - Pembangunan manusia
 - Modal insan
- Akses kepada perkhidmatan asas
- Akses kepada pengurusan sisa pepejal dan air sisa
- Kemiskinan dan keadaan hidup
- Kerentanan terhadap bahaya semula jadi dan perubahan iklim

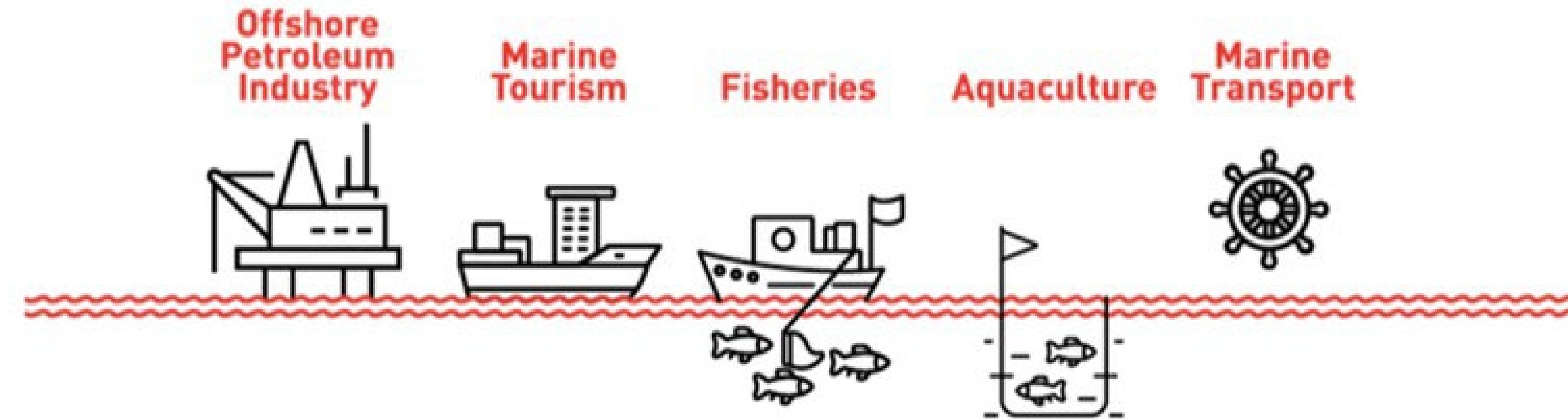
03

EKONOMI

- Keluaran Dalam Negara Kasar (KDNK) per kapita
- Pekerjaan
- Inflasi
- Perdagangan luar

SEKTOR TRADISIONAL

MAJOR ECONOMIC ACTIVITIES



Industri yang telah lama wujud dan dikaitkan dengan lautan

Dua puluh tiga peratus daripada KDNK Malaysia disumbangkan oleh Ekonomi Biru, yang didominasi oleh tenaga luar pesisir, termasuk pengeluaran petroleum mentah dan gas asli serta kilang penapisan petroleum, diikuti oleh perikanan dan akuakultur serta pengangkutan dan pelancongan marin (Juneja et al., 2021). Pada tahun 2023, ekonomi lautan global dianggarkan akan berganda daripada anggaran tahun 2010 sebanyak USD 1.5 trillion, atau 2.5% daripada nilai kasar global, kepada USD 3 trillion (Sumaila et al., 2021).



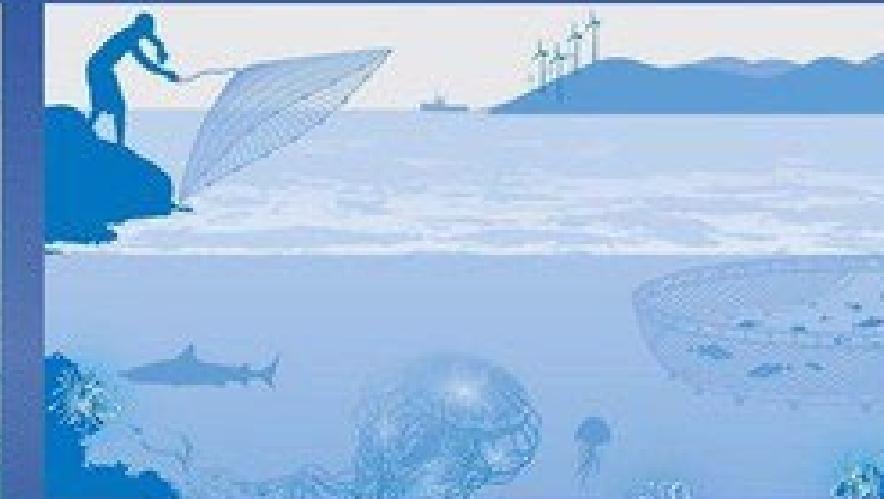
What's “New” About the New Blue Economy?

Ocean
Economy



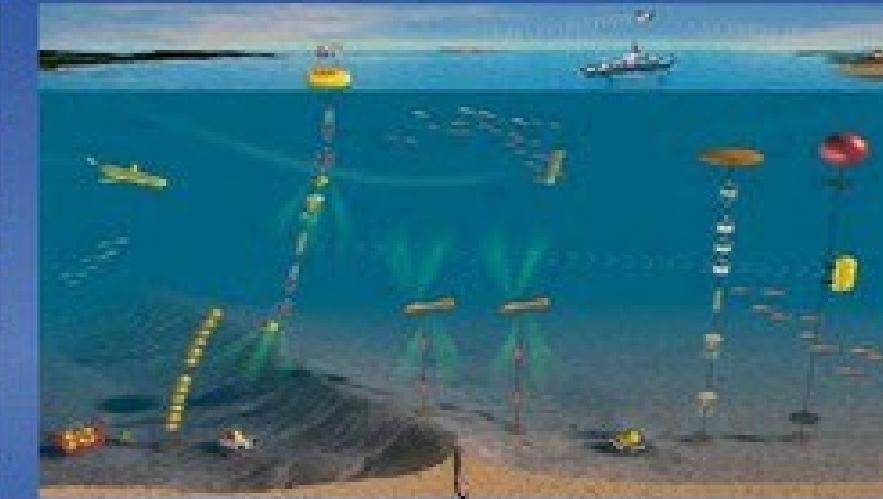
All economic activities related to the oceans, seas, and coastal regions.

Blue
Economy



Couples the promotion of economic growth, social inclusion, and the improvements of lives and livelihoods, while ensuring environmental sustainability of the ocean and coastal areas.

New Blue
Economy

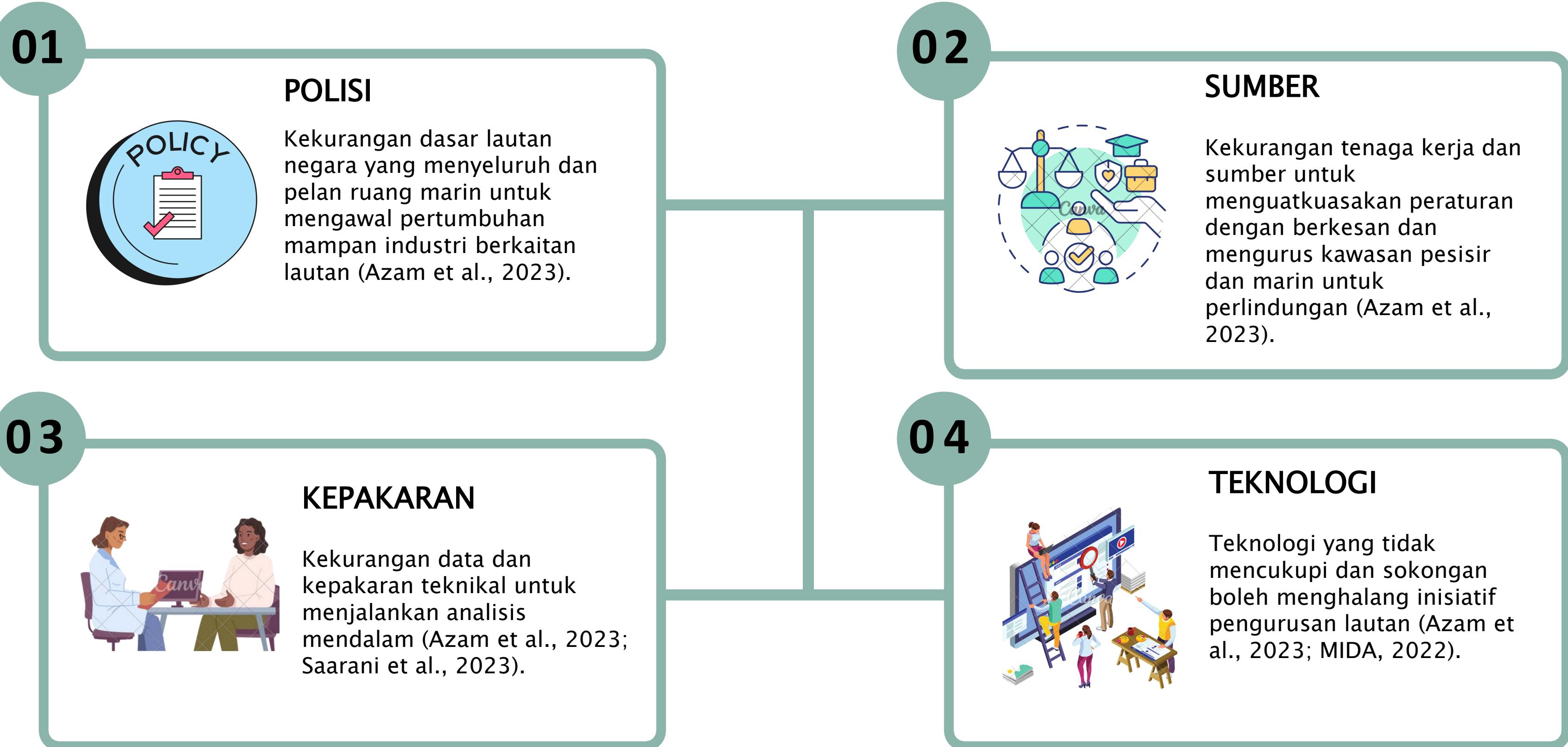


Uses **technology, data and information** to catalyze public and private sector innovation and inform smart decision making across all Blue Economy sectors.

IMAGE: NOAA



PELUANG VS CABARAN





Aktiviti: Meneroka Sektor Ekonomi Biru

Aktiviti Kumpulan:

- Pilih satu sektor ekonomi biru
- Kenal pasti contoh dunia sebenar
- Bincangkan satu cabaran kemampuan
- Bentangkan dapatan kepada kelas



Rujukan



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